## Checklist for Dyscalculia

Name $\qquad$ Age $\qquad$ Date $\qquad$

Does the learner ... or Do you ...

1. Find it impossible to 'see' that four objects are 4 without counting (or 3 objects, if a young child)2. Have difficulty counting objects accurately and lack the ability to make 'one to one correspondence'3. Find it much harder to count backwards compared to counting forwards4. Count on for addition facts, for example, for $6+3$, counting on ' $7,8,9$ ' to get the answer5. Have difficulty with retrieving addition facts from memory6. Count all the numbers when adding, for example, for $5+3$, counting ' $1,2,3$, $4,5 \ldots 6,7,8$ '7. Find it difficult to count fluently sequences that are less familiar, such as: $1,3,5,7 \ldots$ or $4,14,24,34 \ldots$8. Use tally marks for addition or subtraction problems9. Have difficulty in progressing from the materials and images, for example, counters, blocks, tallies, to the symbols/numbers
$\square$ 10. Have poor skills with money, for example, unable to calculate change from a purchase11. Think an item priced at $£ 4.99$ is ' $£ 4$ and a bit' rather than almost $£ 5$12. 'See' numbers literally and not interrelated, for example, count up from 1 to get 9 , rather than using $10-1$
$\square$ 13. Find it difficult to write numbers that have zeros within them, such as, '304' or '4021'14. Find estimating impossible15. Find it difficult to judge whether an answer is right, or nearly right
